BOURNEMOUTH OOOOO INSULIN PUMP **OBOSERVICE**



Improving the Outcomes of Insulin Pump Therapy Using a Structured Education Programme E Jenkins, J Knott, M Weiss, J Ryder, J Charman, C Shaban, D Cavan, D Kerr **Bournemouth Diabetes and Endocrine Centre, Bournemouth BH7 7DW** www.b-dec.co.uk melanie.weiss@rbch.nhs.uk

AIMS

To review how our local clinic has developed since 2008 by introducing structured education in response to a service improvement project.

INTRODUCTION

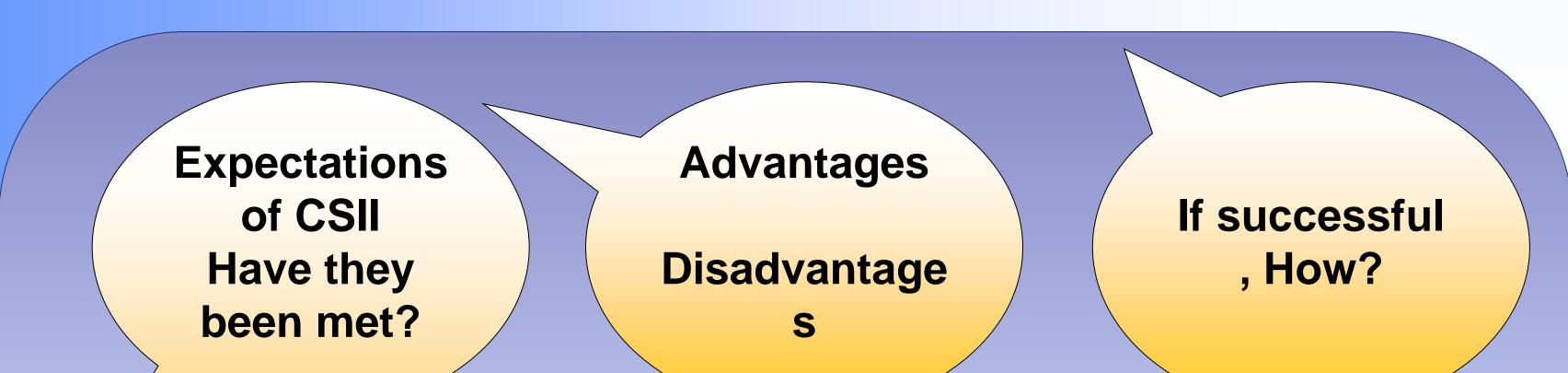
Previously, we have shown that the improvement in glycaemic control after initiating insulin pump therapy occurs within the first 6 mths, however a 2008 audit showed consistently average HbA1c levels of 8% (64mmols/mol) >12 months after pump initiation. A Service Improvement **Project of 4 focus groups highlighted the need for change.**

In the beginning..

Initially 1-6 pts group pump starts Led by DNS **Reviewed 1 mth**

From January 2010 we have added 4 pre-scheduled group review & education sessions during the first year after pump initiation.



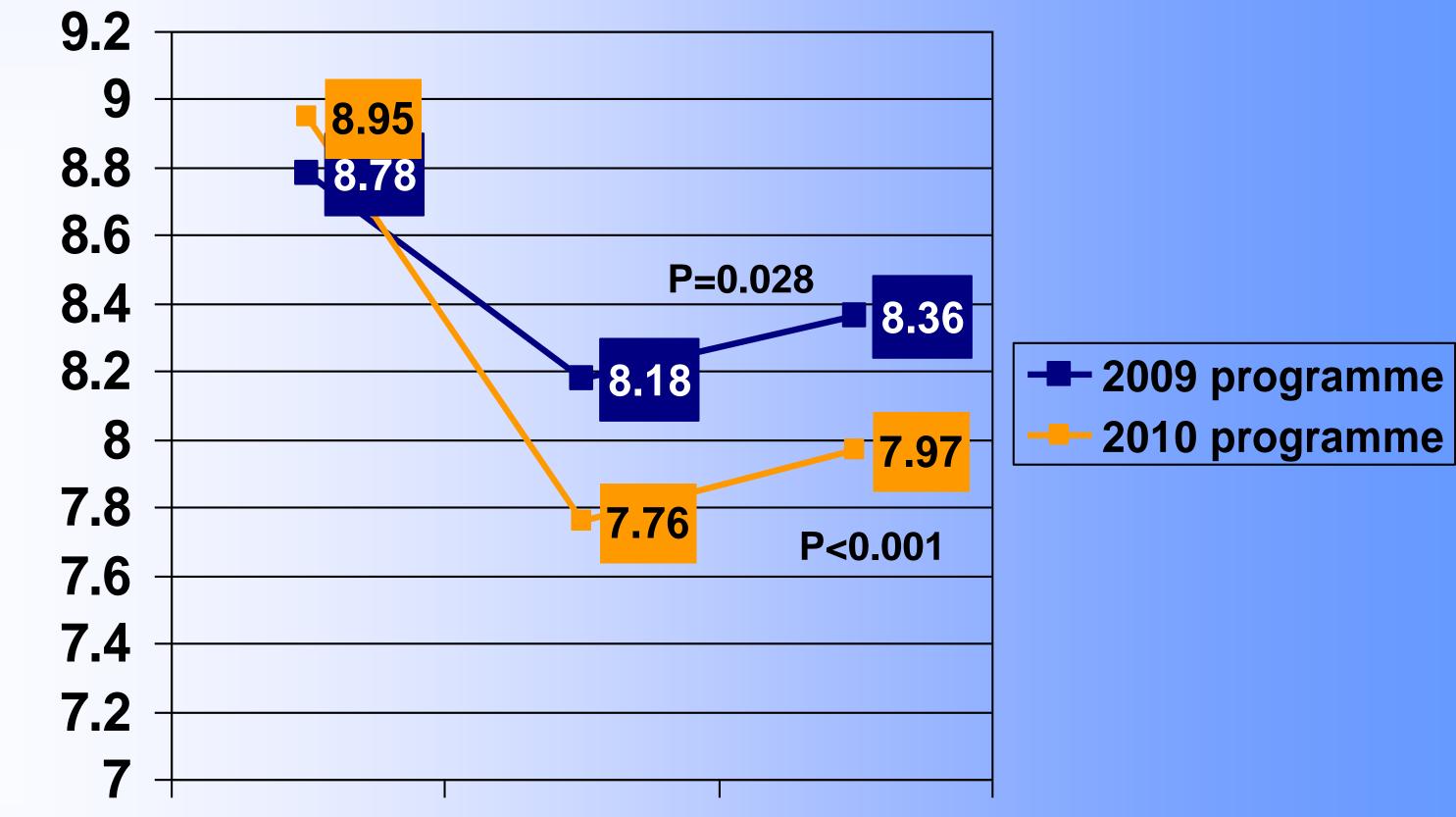


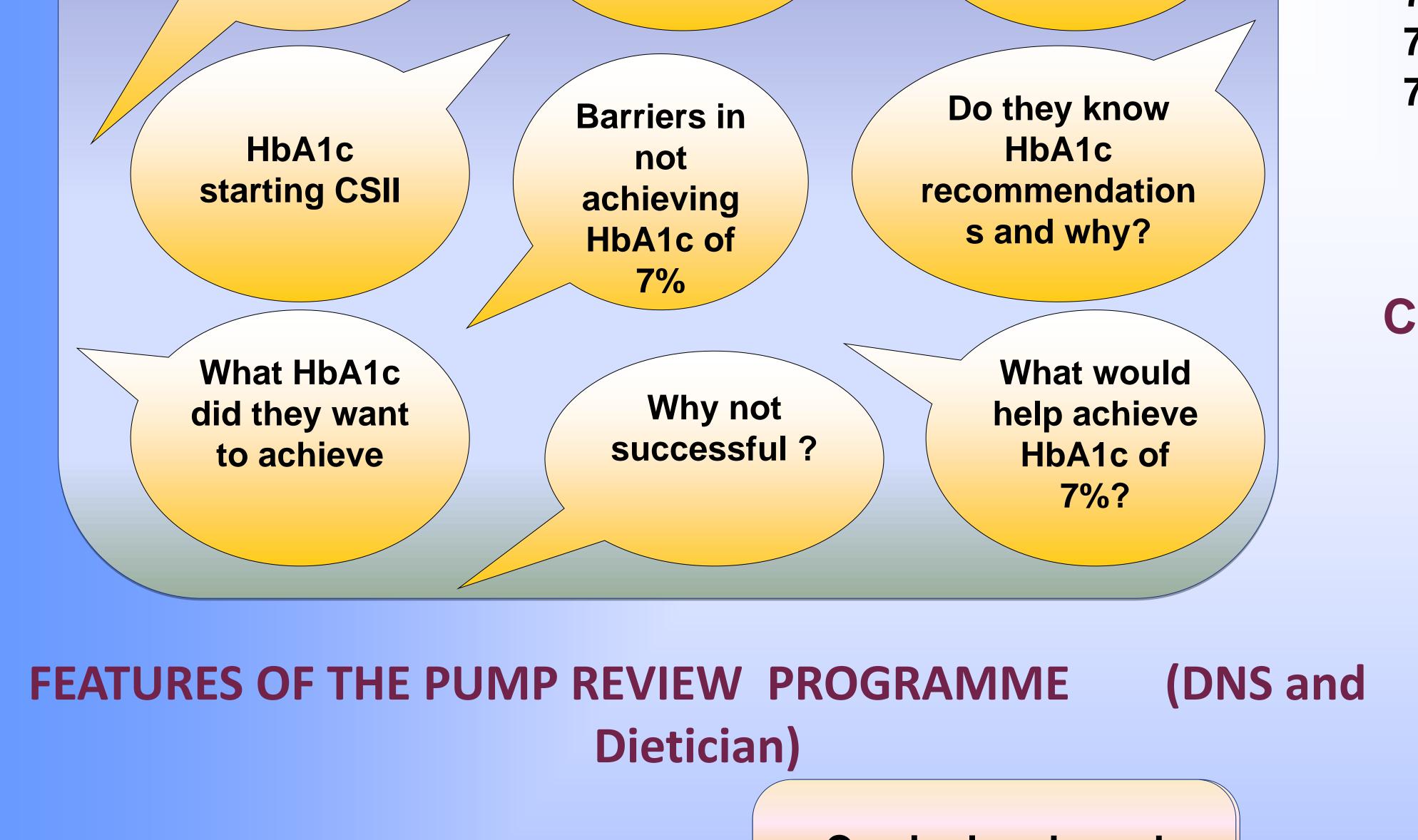
Weekly for first mth (telephone contact) Other follow up according to patient need

RESULTS

Change in HbA1c after Pump Initiation

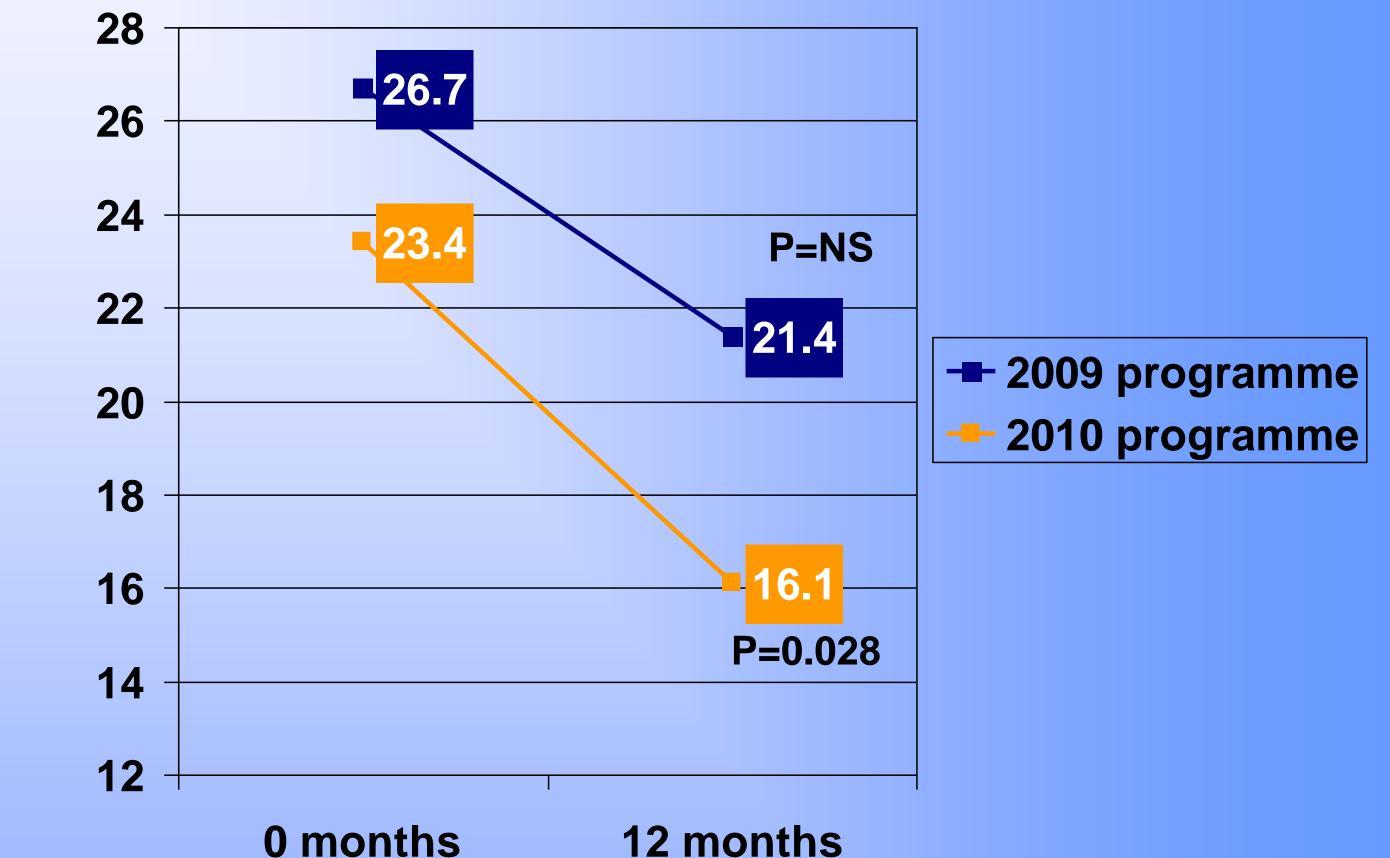






6 months 12 months 0 months

Change in PAID Scores after Pump Initiation



2 hr review group 1, 3, 6 & 9 mths

2 groups together

Curriculum based Developing independent skills

Data at 3, 6, 9 & 12 months Weight, HbA1c, Hypo awareness,PAID

Download facilities for pumps, handsets, meters

12 months

CONCLUSION

A structured follow-up programme for the first year after initiation of pump therapy leads to additional improvements in glycaemic control and reduced diabetes related distress.